

COMPANY WILL
NOT ARBITRATEGrand Trunk Management Says
Time for It Has Passed.

SHOPS WILL BE REOPENED

Instructions Will Be Issued to Agents to Once More Take Freight—Way Freights Will Be Put On and the Manifest Freight Service Increased. Some Former Employees Report for Work.

Montreal, July 25.—The attempts of MacKenzie King, minister of labor, to effect a settlement of the Grand Trunk strike, have fallen through, at least for the present, the Grand Trunk management taking the view that the time for arbitration has passed. The message conveying this information to Mr. King has been sent. Coupled with this announcement of the company that the time has passed for arbitration, comes the statement that the shops of the entire system will be reopened, that instructions will be issued to agents to once more take freight, and that way freight will be put on and the manifest freight service increased.

In addition, it is announced by the officials, that some of the former employees who went out on Monday last are reporting for work.

The answer of Vice President Murdoch to this is:

"We are perfectly satisfied with the way things are going, and if it is to be a fight to a finish, I do not know that I could suggest an improvement on existing conditions from our point of view."

Despite Mr. Murdoch's assurance, misgivings are beginning to develop among the men who see the positions they once held threatened by the progress the railroad is making. This was shown at the meeting of the men, and the suggestion was plainly made to the leaders that action was necessary in order to hold the strikers together.

ENDEAVOR TO WRECK TRAIN

Strikers Blamed for Attempt to Derail Grand Trunk Passenger.

South Bend, Ind., July 25.—Men alleged to be Grand Trunk strikers attempted to derail an eastbound passenger train at Olvera, the first station at which eastbound trains stop in passing through South Bend. The engineer noticed the turned switch signal in time to bring his train to a stop, and thereby probably prevented injury, if not loss of life.

Freight Train Wrecked.

Willimantic, Conn., July 25.—The first of three freight trains to be run over the Central Vermont railroad out of New London since the strike began last Monday was wrecked here by running into an open switch. Superintendent W. E. Costello, the conductor, says the switch was closed at night and that a key was required to open it. An investigation is being made.

LIND CHOICE OF DEMOCRATS

Believed He Will Accept Nomination for Governor of Minnesota.

St. Paul, July 25.—That the results of the county conventions Saturday make the nomination of John Lind for governor certain is the opinion of Frank A. Day, chairman of the Democratic central committee. "There was really no sign of opposition to him," he said, "and there is no one else mentioned."

"I believe John Lind will accept the nomination. No man in the world would turn down a nomination for governor of a great state coming to him as strongly backed by the sentiment of the people as this does. I never heard of any one turning down a nomination. Did you?" he asked.

Mr. Day did not care to say anything about the county option situation as expressed by the resolutions in the county conventions Saturday. He seemed to have utmost faith that the committee will be able to frame a county option plank which will satisfy Mr. Lind.

FIVE FIREMEN BADLY HURT

Blaze at Cincinnati Also Causes Heavy Property Loss.

Cincinnati, July 25.—Two explosions wrecked a manufacturing plant at Central avenue and Findley street, starting a conflagration that destroyed three adjoining plants. Five firemen were buried by falling walls, and all were taken out seriously injured. The combined losses by fire are estimated at \$250,000.

Bystander Wounded.

Moorhead, Minn., July 25.—John Ollikain of New York Mills, Minn., a bystander, was accidentally shot by Officer Ben Elstad of the Moorhead police force while the latter was pursuing Emil Anderson, who had escaped him. Elstad had opened fire on the fleeing man and one of the bullets struck the steel railing of the bridge and, glancing, hit Ollikain in the leg.

CHARLES W. ELIOT.

Criticized by Rev. Charles Edward Locke of California.



REV. LOCKE SCORES ELIOT

Criticizes New Religion of Former President of Harvard.

Chicago, July 25.—Charles W. Eliot, former president of Harvard university, was charged with bold infidelity and his programme for a "new religion" was declared to "sound like the rapid mutterings of pitiable senility" by Rev. Charles Edward Locke of Los Angeles, Cal., in a sermon preached at the Des Plaines camp grounds. Dr. Locke's subject was "Does the World Need a New God?" It was near the close of his sermon that he attacked the Eliot theories.

"In the presence of these majestic truths," he said, "the new religion of the old gentleman from Harvard sounds like the rapid mutterings of pitiable senility, as he offers to humanity a liberal education five feet long. Dr. Eliot's pragmatism is not a religion and it will not survive a winter's bitter storms. The claim that it will survive is absurd."

"Every generation has made these attacks," Dr. Eliot only makes himself ridiculous when he tries to masquerade in the old clothes. In every battle between truth and fiction God has won. He has defeated idolatry. Not a new temple has been built in heathen lands and the old temples are falling into ruin."

RAIN FALLS OVER
THE NORTHWEST

Will Do Much Good to Late Grain and Potatoes.

St. Vincent, Minn., July 25.—Rain started falling in the morning at 6 and it rained steadily until noon. It will do an immense amount of good to all late grains and potatoes. The Red river is now so low as to have barely enough water to float the ferry here. The water is the lowest for thirty years.

Boosts Corn Crop.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 25.—Welcome and copious rain visited this entire section, giving the already promising corn crop a big boost. Corn never looked better in this county at this time of the year. The tobacco crop is picking up wonderfully and the acreage is quite large. Late potatoes will make a very fair yield. Rye harvest is finished and did the best of any of the small grains.

Will Get an Old Time Crop.

Sioux Falls, S. D., July 25.—Inspection of the crops in the region surrounding Sioux Falls and for a radius of many miles extending into neighboring counties proves that the region has the best crop for a number of years. There isn't as much straw as during former years, but the heads are pronounced very heavy. On the bottom land of the Big Sioux river, north of Sioux Falls, where crops were drowned out during the past few seasons, the farmers will this season get an old time crop.

Corn Stands Drought.

Devils Lake, N. D., July 25.—The crop conditions at the present time will prove a valuable object lesson to the farmers of North Dakota and will emphasize the necessity of a greater diversity of crops. The warm weather of the past six weeks, so damaging to the wheat crop, has been ideal corn weather. Wherever corn is found it is in good condition and has not been damaged to any extent from the lack of moisture.

"Hang on Tight."

When a smoking car with thirty-five passengers jumped the track, a railroad engineer in the car, off duty, yelled to the passengers to "hang on tight," and while the car turned over no one was hurt.

"Hang on tight" is good advice in most upsets. The man who hangs on tight to himself when his temper is upset will get through without hurting either himself or others. The man who "hangs on tight" to his earnings ends with a competence. The man who "hangs on tight" to his place when business upsets come generally holds down his job. The man who "hangs on tight" when discouragement or even disaster upsets others is a man to be hopeful about, because he will keep right side up whatever else turns over.—Philadelphia Press.

GREAT INTEREST
IN CONVENTION

Meeting of Nebraska Democrats to Be Important.

OPPOSED BY OLD FRIENDS

William J. Bryan Will Encounter Opposition From Men Who for Years Have Been His Supporters Politically—County Option Fight the Cause of the Disagreement.

Grand Island, Neb., July 25.—Democrats of Nebraska will hold their platform convention in this city Tuesday and it promises to be of greater interest than any gathering of the kind held in this state for many years. That there will be a contest to secure a county option plank in the platform is admitted by every leader in the Democratic state organization. And that contest will be carried on between leaders who heretofore have agreed in every way on what Democratic platforms should contain. William J. Bryan, for the first time since he took up the leadership of the Democratic party, will be opposed by former associates within his own state.

The fight for and against county option has become an open one. Mr. Bryan and his friends are actively engaged in an attempt to secure a county option plank, while Congressman Hitchcock of Omaha and Mayor James C. Dahlman, also of that city, supported by Governor Shallenberger, are equally active in an effort to secure a declaration against such a plank.

The situation is considered an unusual one because the men who at present are most actively opposing Mr. Bryan were formerly his strongest supporters. This condition, considered with the fact that the campaign for the selection of a state ticket and the recommending of a candidate for United States senator has taken on many different angles, has given impetus to the political struggle in Nebraska seldom, if ever, before witnessed.

Hitchcock a Senatorial Candidate.

Congressman Hitchcock has been for several months an avowed candidate for United States senator and has been organizing his forces throughout the state with a view to securing the support of the rank and file of his party. He has stated his position as being opposed to county option until the people of the state, under an initiative and referendum law, shall declare specifically for it. There is little doubt that the anti-county option men will present such a plank and that it will be heartily opposed by Mr. Bryan and his friends. Mr. Bryan has always been given a place on the resolutions committee when he attended state conventions and his policies have always prevailed in the writing of platforms. That he will be accorded the same courtesy of appointment at Tuesday's convention is generally admitted, although it is believed there will be an overwhelming majority opposed to him on the question of county option. It is now apparent that he will carry the fight to the floor of the convention and there make a plea for a straight county option plank. Six hundred of the 800 delegates to the convention are either instructed or are known to be opposed to such a plank and extreme interest centers on what effect Mr. Bryan's speech on the convention floor will have on the majority.

Richard L. Metcalfe, associated with Mr. Bryan in the publication of the latter's paper, announced his candidacy for United States senator at the last moment, in opposition to Congressman Hitchcock. He has received the unqualified endorsement of Mr. Bryan, who expresses the belief that Metcalfe can poll more votes than any other Democrat, himself not excluded. Both Bryan and Metcalfe were formerly employed by Mr. Hitchcock.

AUTOISTS PLAN GOOD ROADS

North Dakotans at Meeting Organize for Improvement.

Jamestown, N. D., July 25.—A meeting of automobile owners from all parts of the country in this city resulted in the organization called the Stutsman County Good Roads association.

Besides giving their time, influence and money to the movement for better highways, the members expect to go out and do some of the work with their own hands.

At the first meeting, the members who live in Jamestown were assessed \$4 in addition to the general membership fee for work on the roads near town. The mayor was present and said the city would co-operate as far as possible. Following his remarks a plan was hit upon by which the association will pay for the picking up of stones with the city limits, and the city will furnish a team and driver to haul them away.

All of the roads of the county will be gone over in turn and put in first-class condition. George W. Kurtz was made president of the association, and J. L. Nelson, financial secretary.

Two Brothers Drowned.

Erie, Pa., July 25.—Harry and Alvin Winfield, brothers, were drowned in Erie harbor when their sailing boat capsized.

FRANK H. HITCHCOCK.

Believed That Postmaster General Soon Will Retire.



HITCHCOCK LIKELY TO QUIT

Believed Postmaster General Soon Will Retire.

Washington, July 25.—Close observers of the trend of affairs in the administration are beginning to wonder how soon after his return from Europe Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock will tender his resignation. Up to a few months ago the president turned over to Mr. Hitchcock many of the administration problems. He allowed him to deal out the administration patronage. Visitors who came to the White House about political affairs were in many instances sent to the postoffice department to see Mr. Hitchcock.

Those who were familiar with the inner workings of the administration began to notice a change shortly after C. D. Norton became private secretary to the president. The appointment of Norton was urged on the president by Miss Mabel Boardman, an intimate friend of the Taft family; Secretary Meyer, Senator Aldrich and Attorney General Wickersham. Since Norton took up his duties a distinct change has been noticed in the president's relations with Mr. Hitchcock. In the old days the postmaster general visited the White House nearly every day. Since Norton took hold and up to the time the president went to Beverly for the summer the postmaster general was at the White House on days other than cabinet days not more than half a dozen times at the outside. His own house was no longer used to take care of the overflow at the White House.

It is regarded as significant that Mr. Hitchcock should depart for Europe at a time when the Republican campaign is being shaped up, and his departure without seeing the president is deemed to be worthy of more than passing notice.

Most significant of all the indications of Mr. Hitchcock's loss of power is his failure to have Sidney Beiler appointed keeper of the post of Georgetown.

ONLY FORTY ABOARD
THE SHIP ARE SAVED

Japanese Vessel Sinks and Two Hundred Perish.

Tokio, July 25.—The Tetsurei Maru, plying between Kobe and Dairen, sank at night off Chindo, Korea. The steamer had 246 passengers aboard, of whom forty were saved. The others are missing. Warships have been sent to the rescue.

STORM CAUSES MUCH DAMAGE

Destroys Crops and Blows Over House and Barns.

Jamestown, N. D., July 25.—Numerous farms in the vicinity of Courtenay and Kensal, north of this city, were swept by a storm of wind and hail and much of the crops was lost. A house belonging to J. W. Fisher, about eight miles north of Courtenay, was blown over and three barns in the same district were blown down in the storm, killing several horses and other stock.

A high wind started early in the morning and continued all the forenoon in the vicinity of Spiritwood lake and the appearance of an over-turned boat caused considerable alarm until it was learned that it was one that had broken away from shore.

Ferryboat Not Obsolete.

Notwithstanding the addition of many bridges and tunnels at New York, there are 130 ferryboats in commission.

RAINS PUT OUT
FOREST FIRES

FREIGHT RATE INCREASE

Will Be Discussed at Meeting in St. Paul.

St. Paul, July 25.—The increase in freight rates from Dakota points to the Twin Cities and other terminals, which was called to the attention of railroad commissioners and traffic men by the South Dakota railroad commission about two weeks ago, will be discussed at a conference in the offices of the Minnesota railroad commission.

The commissions of North and South Dakota and Minnesota will be represented and there will be representatives of the railroad traffic departments, the Minneapolis Traffic club, the Minneapolis chamber of commerce and others interested in grain shipments.

The Iowa commissioners, who were present at the first meeting two weeks ago, and the other commissioners who were invited but did not come, probably will be absent, as it was found that the tariffs filed by the roads affect only Minnesota and the Dakotas.

The two most interested parties are the South Dakota shippers and the Minneapolis receivers. It is asserted that the new rates make higher rates for South Dakota than for North Dakota for the same distances. The increases are also on larger shipments to Minneapolis than to Omaha or Duluth.

The new rates are all interstate rates and beyond the jurisdiction of the state commissions.

FOLLOWED COLONEL'S AUTO

Chauffeur's Novel Defense Doesn't Prevent Fine for Speeding.

New York, July 25.—Samuel Lichtenstein of Manhattan, chauffeur for Harris L. Rosenthal, put in a novel defense when he was arraigned before Magistrate Fitch on a charge of speeding his automobile, thirty-five miles along Hoffman boulevard. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and said he wanted to see "the colonel."

"What colonel?" was asked. "Colonel Roosevelt, your honor, he was in a machine ahead of me."

"Well, did you see him?" asked the court.

"No, I only got a glance at him," was the reply.

"All right, \$25 for the glance," said the magistrate, and the prisoner paid over the fine.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

American Association.

St. Paul, 6; Indianapolis, 1. Toledo, 0, 11; Kansas City, 2, 2. Milwaukee, 1, 7; Columbus, 0, 6. Minneapolis, 9, 6; Louisville, 4, 4.

National League.

Chicago, 5, 5; Boston, 3, 0. New York, 4; St. Louis, 1. Cincinnati, 6; Philadelphia, 4.

Western League.

St. Joseph, 12, 1; Topeka, 7, 8. Three I League.

Peoria, 6; Dubuque, 2. Danville, 3; Rock Island, 1. Bloomington, 3; Waterloo, 1. Springfield, 5, 4; Davenport, 3, 0.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, July 23.—Wheat—July, \$1.15; Sept., \$1.15; Dec., \$1.13. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.29; No. 1 Northern, \$1.26; No. 2 Northern, \$1.24; No. 3 Northern, \$1.21; No. 4 Northern, \$1.19.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, July 23.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$6.50 to \$7.50; fair to good, \$5.50 to \$6.50; good to choice cows and heifers, \$6.50 to \$7.00; veals, \$5.50 to \$7.25. Hogs—\$8.00 to \$8.60. Sheep—Wethers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; yearlings, \$4.25 to \$4.50; spring lambs, \$6.00 to \$7.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, July 23.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, \$1.26; No. 1 Northern, \$1.26; No. 2 Northern, \$1.24; July, \$1.25; Sept., \$1.17; Dec., \$1.14; May, \$1.17. Flax—To arrive, \$2.44; on track and July, \$2.53; Sept., \$2.44; Oct., \$2.33; Nov., \$2.33; Dec., \$2.31.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 23.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.05 to \$1.05; Dec., \$1.07 to \$1.07; May, \$1.11 to \$1.11. Corn—Sept., 62½ to 62½c; Dec., 60½ to 60½c; May, 62½ to 62½c. Oats—Sept., 38½c; Dec., 39½c; May, 42½c. Pork—Sept., 21.57; Jan., \$18.15. Butter—Creameries, 23 to 27c; dairies, 23 to 26c. Eggs—10 to 17c. Poultry—Turkeys, 20c; chickens, 14½c; springs, 17c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 23.—Cattle—Beef, \$5.00 to \$8.40; Texas steers, \$3.60 to \$5.70; Western steers, \$5.00 to \$6.80; stockers and feeders, \$4.15 to \$6.40; cows and heifers, \$2.65 to \$6.65; calves, \$6.75 to \$8.75. Hogs—Light, \$8.70 to \$9.10; mixed, \$8.30 to \$8.95; heavy, \$8.05 to \$8.80; rough, \$5.80 to \$8.25; good to choice heavy, \$8.25 to \$8.80; pigs, \$8.75 to \$9.10. Sheep—Native, \$2.60 to \$4.25; yearlings, \$4.10 to \$5.50; lambs, \$4.50 to \$7.40.

Natural.

Clarence—I wish I had lots of money.

Uncle Henry—If one could get what he wished for, I think I should wish for common sense, not for money.

Clarence—Naturally every one wishes for what he hasn't got.

All Danger Now Over at Rainy River, Ont.

ARE LITERALLY FLOODED OUT

Fires on the United States Side of the Boundary Line Quenched by Copious Rains—Rangers Estimate the Loss on Timber in the Rainy River District at Over Two Million Dollars.

Rainy River, Ont., July 25.—All danger from the bush fires is over, for a heavy rain set in just when conditions were again assuming a critical stage. This rain has continued all day and there is scarcely a spark to be seen and, even if the wind does rise, there will be no danger, for the entire country is dripping wet and many of the creeks which have been dry all summer are now running.

Conditions are the same over a large radius and reports show that even more rain has fallen south of the American boundary, where the fires have also been literally flooded out.

Fire rangers estimate the loss to timber by fires in the Rainy River district at approximately \$2,500,000.

Heavy rain completely put an end to the forest fires which during the past week did damage estimated by the fire rangers at approximately \$2,000,000 in the province of Alberta.

Heavy rain has been falling at Nelson all day and the forest fires are now a thing of the past. The damage in British Columbia is officially placed at \$4,000,000.

FIRE PROTECTION FOR TOWNS

Railroad Officials Fit Up an Emergency Train.

Antigo, Wis., July 25.—Small towns along the Ashland division of the Northwestern railroad, as a result of a fire apparatus devised by Superintendent G. J. Quigley and Division Foreman C. D. Ashmore, will no longer be without fire protection. The equipment consists of a passenger locomotive, three large wooden tanks, holding 8,000 gallons each, three engine tanks, with a capacity of 2,000 gallons each, a water pump capable of pumping 10,000 gallons an hour and 300 feet of hose.

The railroad fire headquarters will be a roundhouse at Antigo and the territory in which calls will be answered will be limited only at the discretion of Superintendent Quigley. It is now planned to keep a passenger engine on hand at all times, with a full head of steam, to answer emergency calls.

Checks Forest Fires.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 25.—Heavy thunder storms which passed over this section did considerable toward checking forest fires which were running through parts of the country. High winds which accompanied raised heavy seas on Lake Superior. The steamer D. A. Gordon was blown ashore on a shoal of rock between Parisian Island and Sand Island.

AT THE MEETING IN ST. PAUL

Conservation of Game Will Be Subject of Discussion.

St. Paul, July 25.—Conservation of game, the utilization and preservation of the fowls of the air and the beasts of the field, will come in for a measure of discussion similar to the consideration given to other topics, such as soil, forests, water power and power sites, when the National Conservation congress meets in St. Paul Sept. 5 to 9, inclusive.

All national and state organizations of sportsmen, including a number of the larger rod and gun clubs in various sections of the country, have been requested to send delegates to the congress. As many of these as may desire to be heard on the floor of the Auditorium will be extended the privilege.

That the conservation of game will come in for important consideration developed when it was learned that the proposed programme is being arranged so as to include a number of men who have specialized on this subject. Two full nights will be devoted exclusively to a discussion of this phase of conservation.

Among those who will take part on the programme will be Professor Frank M. Chapman, curator of the American Museum of Natural History of New York, and A. Radcliffe Dugmore, a noted African hunter and authority on big game. Both will illustrate their addresses with field views.

The kingdom of Siam also has a desire to be represented at the conservation congress. The legation at Washington, replying to an invitation received from Secretary Shipp, declared the conservation question was one of considerable import in Siam, and that his majesty would doubtless send delegates to St. Paul.

Why He Worries.

"I wish that friend of mine hadn't given me that 'Don't Worry' sign to put over my desk," he said. "I forget all about worrying till I sit down there and take a look at it. Then I worry like the very old Nick."—New York Press.

Grand Theatre

The Theatre Beautiful
F. E. LOW, Manager.

TONIGHT
THE ONE BEST SHOW
Blossoms Forth in Con-
stantly Increasing Patron-
age

SPECIAL ATTRACTION
TONIGHT

Latest Illustrated Song
MISS WINIFRED SMITH

The best pictures that money
can procure

CLIFFORD & CAMP
Comedian and the
Musician

Admission
Evening.....10c & 15c
Matinee.....5c & 10c

Unique Theatre

F. M. KOOP, Manager

1. The Brother, Sister and
the Cowpuncher. Drama
2. A piece of Lace

The Illustrated Song—
"I'd Rather Say Hello
Than Say Good Bye"
MISS KATHLEEN GRAHAM

We Lecture on Our Pictures

Change of Program Wednesday
Friday and Sunday

Prices—5c and 10c

H. G. INGERSOLL

DENTIST

Room 6, Walverman Block
Brainerd, Minn.

J. HENRY LONG

LAWYER

Sleeper Block, Brainerd

20 years practice in State and
United States Courts

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

A. HANSON

DRUGGIST

Registered by Examination
622 Front St. Brainerd

Stone Mason Work

Promptly Done

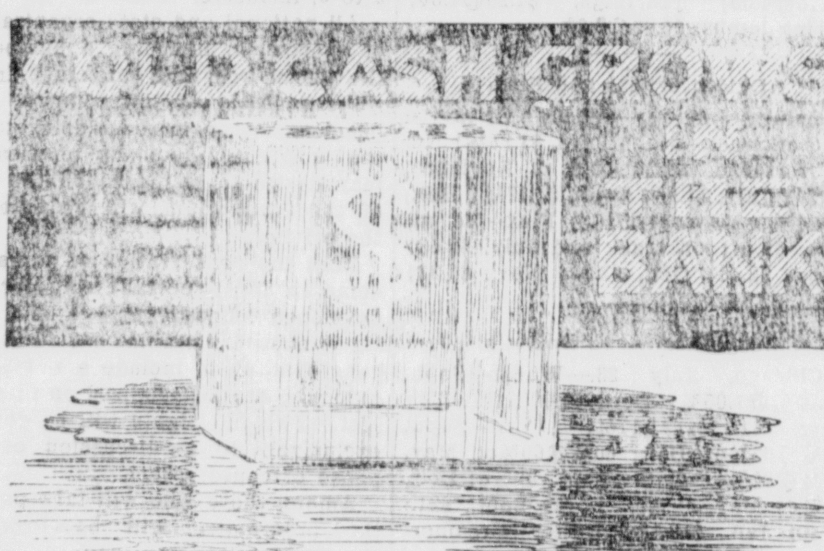
All work guaranteed

CHARLES BLUNT

Phone 62R

804 So. 4th St. Brainerd.

ICE MELTS AWAY



DON'T YOU FEEL JUST
A LITTLE UNEASY with
NO BANK ACCOUNT?

IF 200 years ago one of your ancestors had banked only 20
dollars at 5 per cent, compound interest and you had that \$200
and the interest, and each dollar bill were a link in a chain, that
chain would reach from New York to San Francisco.

Money grows in our bank if you will let it.

We pay liberal interest consistent with safety.

Make OUR BANK Your Bank.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

BRainerd, - MINN.

Established 1881

Capital and Surplus

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

Practice Limited to
Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat
GLASSES FITTED CORRECTLY
OFFICE WALTERMAN BLOCK

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month.....Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 9th St.,
opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd,
Minn., as second class matter

MONDAY, JULY 25, 1910

The Minnesota corn crop bids fair to be the best ever harvested in the state.

The red apple crop of Washington is said to be the largest ever known. That means apple pies for next winter, any how.

Since March the state has paid bounties on 1,575 wolves that have been killed within its borders, and the tribe does not seem to be on the decrease.

The protection of game has been sadly neglected in this immediate vicinity during the time when the utmost vigilance should have been exercised. If small game is scarce this fall lay it to the fellows who took advantage of the situation.

The price of milk is going up but it is not the cow's fault, she is on the job early and late the same as ever. The scarcity of hay and the prospect of high prices for feed of all kinds during the winter has had a tendency to boost the milk schedule in the cities.

The women's clubs in the east are in a turmoil over the question as to whether it is right for Mrs. Nicholas Longworth to smoke cigarettes or not. Now if Mrs. Longworth lived in Minnesota that question never would have come up as it is unlawful for man, woman or child to smoke the little paper pipes or have the makin's and you can't buy them within the confines of the state. What!

John Lind says if he should be forced to be governor of Minnesota the job would kill him within a year. We really do not think John need have any worry on that score, he may be forced to become a candidate of the democratic party but it will be the worry in endeavoring to get the votes that will cause that racking pain. After election, he might have some regrets, but no worry, for a republican will be placed in the position for the next two years.

In that section of Nebraska where nineteen years ago occurred the battle of Wounded Knee and which was the last stand of Indian armed resistance against the government there are now 48 Indians who own automobiles and who are prosperous farmers engaged in stock raising and worth from \$10,000 to \$20,000 each. The defeat of the Indians at that time began a new era for them and meant a new life, and today they are good citizens and as prosperous as their white brethren.

It looks as though the state tax levy would be reduced one-half for the coming year. The levy is made in September and while it is too early to make an authoritative statement Auditor Iverson thinks that it is probable that the levy for state revenue purposes may be cut from one mill last year to one-half mill at the coming levy. The reason for this is that

a surplus exists in the state treasury that is available for use in reducing the taxes of the people of the state and Gov. Eberhart has taken the matter up with the attorney general for an opinion in the matter.

The endorsement of John Lind by the Crow Wing county democrats in convention was devoid of any mention of county option although it is generally understood that if Lind accepts the nomination it will be with the distinct understanding that a county option plank be incorporated in the platform. The delegation, however much opposed to county option, are instructed to vote for a candidate for governor who will not accept the position under any other conditions. The delegation from Morrison county endorsed Lind while the Stearns county democracy instructed its delegation to vote against county option.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

O. Hanson, of Bemidji, is in the city today.

Miss Frances Quinn went to Minneapolis today.

Mrs. A. B. Cunningham went to Merrifield today.

Store your household good with D. M. Clark & Co. 31tf

George Ridley returned today from a visit in Aitkin.

Neil Brooks went to Fargo today on a business trip.

Andrey Erickson, of Cuyuna, spent Sunday in the city.

Mrs. William Schill went to Minneapolis this morning.

Miss Alice Hallquist went to Minneapolis this morning.

See D. M. Clark & Co. for plumbing and heating. 31tf

Charles R. Chappel, of Bemidji, spent Sunday in the city.

A. Clabaugh was in the city recently transacting business.

The Misses Ella and Tillie Newgard went to Deerwood today.

Harry Patterson, of Deerwood, was in the city today on business.

Frank H. Houghton went to Duluth yesterday for a short visit.

David Zaffke and Harry Volk, of Backus, are visiting in Brainerd.

Mrs. F. F. Bell, of Chicago, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Deering.

E. W. Reed, of Pine River, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Julius Deering.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bruggemann, of Minneapolis, are visiting in the city.

Miss Matilda Bloomquist is visiting friends and relatives in Ashland, Wis.

When you want the very best

Be sure to order

OCCIDENT

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Tinkelpaugh, went to Staples this noon for a short visit.

H. H. Mills, roadmaster of the M. & I. railroad, arrived in the city today.

W. H. Andrews, of Outing, attended to business matters in the city on Saturday.

Heath & Milligan paints are best. We sell them. D. M. Clark & Co. 30tf

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Andrews, of Emily, were visiting in the city on Saturday.

Miss Corna Stickney and Miss Carrie Tyler returned today from Deerwood.

The Misses Nellie Alderman and Eloise Smith returned today from a Sunday visit at Hubert.

Rev. Caskey went to Cullen lake, near Nisswa, today, where he and his family are enjoying an outing.

STANDARD CORN—Three cans for twenty-five cents. O'Brien Mercantile company. 39tf

Rev. Charles Fox Davis and children, Miss Marian and Master Donald, went to Deerwood today for an outing.

The Misses Hildegard Courtney Hildegard Snyder, Geraldine Fleming and Hoglund went to Hubert today.

Now is the time to buy that lawn mower and lawn sprinkler. D. M. Clark & Co. 30tf

H. P. Barthelme, who has been visiting at Detroit, passed through the city today on his way to Deerwood.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ringold, who spent a short summer vacation at Hubert, returned today to their home in St. Paul.

Miss Grace Elliot, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Jessie McDonald, returned to her home in Akeley today.

Miss Marie Elliot, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Margaret Poppenberg, returned to her home in Akeley today.

Miss Ruby Koyl, of Chicago, is a new resident of the city. She is a public stenographer with offices at the Ransford hotel.

An ice cream social will be given Saturday evening, August 20th, near Bethlehem Lutheran church for the benefit of the church.

Miss Carrie Anderson, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles

Ellison, returned this morning to her home in Weyerhaeuser, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Rudy, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Wise returned to their home in Mecklenburg, Penn., this morning.

Mrs. C. Lindquist and Mr. George Wooley, visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. C. McNamara, returned to their home in St. Paul on this morning's early train.

Schmidt's bottle beer, famous for quality. Order a case. Telephone 164, John Coates Liquor Co. 303tf

The Cubs defeated the Tigers on Saturday morning by a score of 9 to 0. The batteries for the Cubs were Low and Cleary; for the Tigers were Gustafson and Lescault.

DR BRUNS, the man who makes the best fitting spectacles and eye glasses will be at the Ransford hotel tomorrow and Wednesday. Examination free.

Fire on Sunday swept through the meadows in the vicinity of John Gibb's farm and did considerable damage. It was with great difficulty that Mr. Gibb's farm buildings were saved from destruction.

Sam Savageau and family have removed to Fargo where they will make their future home. Miss Malvina Savageau was formerly with West's restaurant where she has worked continuously five years.

Murallo, the sanitary wall finish, in all colors, is cheaper and better than wall paper. D. M. Clark & Co. 30tf

Rev. W. J. Lowrie and Rev. J. L. Boose, of Pontiac, Ill., went to Bemidji today to attend the Bible conference. Rev. Boose is an old classmate of Rev. Lowrie, both having attended the university of Nebraska.

Smoke the
White Beauty
5c—CIGAR—5c
As good as most 10c cigars

The boys society of Bethlehem Lutheran church, known as the Loyal Soldiers, met on Friday evening at the residence of Charles Peterson. A good program was rendered and a most enjoyable time was had by all present.

The Rev. Charles Fox Davis returned last evening from Cuyuna, to which place he went yesterday afternoon to preach a dedicatory sermon last evening. He reports a successful time with the church being dedicated free of debt.

The Misses Mantle Powers, Mary Powers and Evelyn Powers, of Granite, Falls, and Miss Marguerite Foot, of Red Wing, passed through the city today enroute to their homes. They have been enjoying a pleasant vacation at their summer residence in Backus, "Camp Eureka."

Carl Knutson, who has been visiting at the home of Ole Swelland at Nokay Lake, returned to his home at Roland, Iowa, on Thursday night. He was accompanied as far as Minneapolis by Lars Swelland and the Misses Bertha Johnson and Bertha Swelland.

RUGS
We carry the latest patterns in rugs, stair carpets, hall runners, lace curtains and portiers, at Orne's. 716
Laurel St. (Terms Easy) 294tf

Mr. and Mrs. James D. McColl and daughter the Misses Dorothy and Lulu McColl, of Kansas City, Mo., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McColl. They will leave on the mid-night train for Duluth where they will enjoy a trip to the east via the great lakes.

WOOD—The Hays-Weaver Milling Co. have several hundred cords of hard and soft wood at nearby points that they will sell cheap in car lots. Also a quantity of the very finest wood at the mill, hard maple and jack pine, at from \$3.50 to \$5.00 per cord. Call them up when you want wood. 44tf

At the meeting of the Degree of Pocahontas on July 23rd, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Luck treated the lodge, of which they are both members, to ice cream and cake in honor of their twins. Five hundred was paid and a general good time was had by all present. The entire council extends congratulations to Brother and Sister Luck.

Furniture and Rugs
We have a complete line of furniture, rugs, lace curtains, portiers, "nollum and house furnishings. Cash or credit. Terms easy. Picture framing. McNamar & Co., Laurel St., Imperial block, Undertakers and funeral directors. 39tf

Bill Lange's Long Hit.
In an article on "Barting" in the American Magazine Hugh S. Fullerton describes as follows the longest hit ever recorded:

"Lange, who was of the middle ages of the game, made a hit in Cincinnati which is regarded by many as the longest hit ever made. The ball cleared the center field fence, which was on top of a high embankment, sailed across Western avenue, went through the window of a saloon and was found behind the bar. The hit made a fortune for the saloon, as big crowds went to see the ball on exhibition."

Marriage Licenses

The following marriage licenses were issued since last publication:

July 11—Edwin B. Holm to Lenora Rose Thomas.

July 15—Frank E. King to Helen E. Murray.

July 22—F. L. Johnson to Inez O. Carron.

July 23—George W. Rogers to Jennie Chapman.

July 23—Harrison Bert Sinclair to Ethel May Otis.

July 25—James Edward Stage to Mattie Alena Shanks.

This makes nine licenses to date for the month of July.

BIRDS TEMPT LAZUID CATS.

Can't Eat Them, but Appetite is Aroused.

Dr. Frank Campbell, in charge of the cats and dogs at the Bide-a-Vee home, New York city, has a new method to prevent cats from dying of heat in these dog days. At the Bide-a-Vee country home at Harrington, N. J., there are nearly 300 cats. About 180 still remain in the city home. The cats are accustomed to a more exciting life than the home affords, and in the hot weather apparently they find it difficult to take enough interest in life to keep the heart beating normally.

Dr. Campbell made his first experiment in the country. He surrounded an apple tree entirely with a wire screen. Then he loosed a number of birds inside this inclosure. The birds flew about and made themselves at home in the tree. Then the doctor let the cats out to look at the birds. Once they were under the tree the cats couldn't be coaxed away, and now all 300 may be observed sitting under the tree, trying to devise some means of getting at the birds.

The experiment was entirely successful, and the doctor has decided to put it in practice at the city home.

MISSOURI HAS CHAMPION COW

Holstein Gives 16,744 Pounds of Milk in Six Months.

Josephine, a Holstein dairy cow owned by the agricultural college of the University of Missouri, has taken the world's milk record from Johanna, a Holland dairy cow owned by J. W. Gillett of Rosendale, Wis.

Johanna's record for six months totaled 15,541 pounds of milk. Josephine's total for the same period was 16,744 pounds. Johanna's best single month in her year's test was 2,783 pounds against Josephine's high mark for one month of 2,960 pounds.

TIME CARD

Launch "City of Crosby" leaves Crosby

6:00 a. m. 7:45 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 2:30 p. m. 6:00 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. Leave Deerwood 6:30 a. m. 8:15 a. m. 11:45 a. m. 3:30 p. m. 7:00 p. m. and 12:00.

Boat will leave on call from Spalding

Hotel and Patterson's Dock, Deerwood, After schedule

Time at All Hours

ATTENTION EVERYBODY

Having bought the Plumbing and Heating business lately conducted by Mr. Frank J. Murphy, we are prepared to do any work in that line.

Mr. Chas. Stedfield the well known plumber is in charge of this department.

Let us figure on your work or do your repairing.

All work promptly attended to and guaranteed.

D. M. CLARK & CO

UNDERTAKERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS

508 Laurel Street

Boat Supplies

When you want anything in the line of carburetors, spark coils, magnetos, timers, generators, lamps or complete engines, call at

1013 Kingwood St.

The Proof of the Pudding

Is in the Eating

And the proof of the merit of any Corset is in its increased sales.

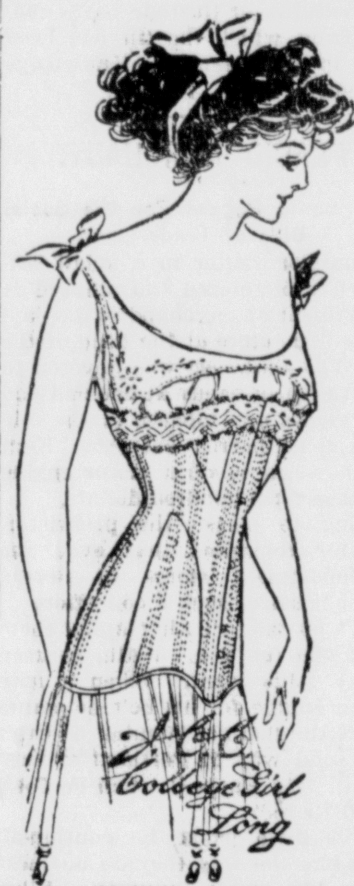
THE JACKSON CORSET

is boned entirely with rust proof wire, therefore it is absolutely rust proof; is free from all imperfections in making and will fit perfectly.

49c and 98c

MODEL VARIETY STORE

615 Laurel St. HENKE & HAASE, Props.



REMEMBER

The Sale Starts

Monday, July 25th,

And Ends

Saturday, August 6th,

So You Will Have to Hurry

At the Old Reliable Place

L. M. KOOP

614 Front Street.

Brainerd, Minn.

BELIEVES IN CONSERVATION

Supt. Andrew Gibson Kindly Favors the Dispatch With an Interview

PRESERVE FOREST PRODUCTS

His Views Embody The Result of Years of Experience in His Line of Work

Andrew Gibson, superintendent of timber preservation and tie treating plant of the Northern Pacific railway has made a study of the subject of forest products and his remarks on these lines are of untold value for they come from a man who has had his theories backed by plain, practical experience.

He kindly gave the Daily Dispatch the following statements which are of importance for they voice the almost universal idea of the conservation of our resources:

"The rapidity with which national forests have been cut and burned out, of late years, has caused considerable alarm to the American people, but more especially to the large consumers of lumber and timbers. The railways, steam and electric, and the various mining industries, are the heaviest users of timbers. The railways' requirements are for cross ties, piling, bridge material, telegraph and telephone poles and fence posts, besides the enormous quantities used in the construction of cars and buildings of all descriptions. The various mining interests consume large quantities of timbers for stulls, lagging and shaft lining. As an illustration of what the consumption of forest products by the railways is, for cross ties, alone, the requirements have been for 1907, 153,699,220, for 1908 112,462,499 cross ties, or, in board measures, nearly five and three quarters billion feet in 1907, and very nearly four billion, two hundred million board feet in 1908. These figures to the layman are startling and no doubt will cause the question to be asked what is going to become of future generations if the increase of population and present consumption of timber keeps up for a hundred years or more. The railways and mining interests are doing a great deal to solve this problem by using preservatives for prolonging the life of ties, bridge and mine timbers, etc. During the year 1906 of all the ties used there were 11.5 per cent treated with preservatives. In 1907 there were 12.9 per cent treated, and in 1908 the percentage jumped to 21. per cent, so that in the course of a few years at the same rate of increase the railways will have most, if not all, of the cross ties and other timbers used protected by some kind of preservative.

In the year 1908 there were 57,548,268 gallons of creosote and 18,843,864 pounds of zinc chloride, besides small quantities of other preservatives used in the United States, and in 1906 there was less than one-half that quantity used. Nearly three-fourths of the creosote used in the United States is imported from Europe, Great Britain and Nova Scotia. Several substitutes have as, if these ties were all treated, the cross ties on railways, but the results obtained have not been satisfactory although something will no doubt be discovered in the future that will answer the purpose and give satisfactory results. The average life of untreated ties throughout the United States is said to be seven years, and the average life of treated ties, conservatively estimated is said to be seventeen years, so that for every two and one-half ties used, based on present consumption, only one tie would be required if treated by preservatives. Take the year 1908 for example, the railways used in round numbers 112 1/2 million ties, whereas, if these ties were all treated, the requirements would only be 45 million, or two billion six hundred million board feet less than was used, which, if turned into channels would go a long way towards supplying the demands for general use. Another illustration of the steps being taken by the large timber users to curtail their requirements: In the year 1900 there was something like thirteen timber preserving plants in the United States, and on the first of January of the present year, 1910, there were eighty. Three plants and several more contemplated or in course of construction.

There has been considerable criticism made on the forestry department on the large number of employees they have at their various district headquarters and reserves, but during the summer months I believe that it would be a good investment to add very materially to the present force so as to combat with forest fires which are becoming so common of recent years. I believe the records show that last year there was less damage done by forest fires owing to the vigilance exercised by the forestry department than in previous years. One year's work, however, is no criterion to go by as conditions may have been different from the previous years and we must wait for an average of a few years before applauding. The maintaining of a good working force, properly distributed, during the dry months, however, would seem to be an excellent investment. In this movement the owners of large and small tracts of timber

should join the national government and add their proportionate services for their own and the country's good. The railways are now co-operating with the government in this and doing very effective work. In the majority of cases forest fires start in some spot where the timber was cut off and where more or less dry rubbish was left lying on the ground, so that as a general thing the placing of fire fighters should not be a very difficult matter. In connection with the protection of forests there is another move being taken in the way of reforesting, which is an admirable one, and one that will do much good if carried out in a good common sense manner. In the states of Montana, Idaho and Oregon, there are, I believe, on a conservative estimate, in many places eight or ten young trees coming up on lands that were cut over for every tree cut out at the last cutting, and if these young trees were protected and trained similar to European practice there would not be any necessity of planting large tracts of land with forests in the states mentioned. In Great Britain and Europe they have in many parts what they call "Volunteer" forests, coming up, which were not planted by man, and they at first grow very thick, but as soon as the trees have reached a size of say six inches in diameter, or thereabouts, they cut out the poorest trees and cut them into suitable lengths for mine props or fence posts. Several years later the forester goes through the woods and marks another lot of trees to be cut out for what ever use they can be placed in, and this second thinning leaves a forest of good healthy trees which, when large enough for the manufacturing of good commercial timber, are sold to the highest responsible bidders, and in some instances the land is turned into what they call arable or farming lands, or, if the soil is inferior and not considered suitable for cultivation it is planted to forest.

After the European forests attain a certain size the privileges of grazing is rented out, or the owner puts on his own stock of sheep, or cattle, as the cases may be. This would seem to be a good thing for the forest as keeping the grass and brush down obviates the danger of fires and allows the sun to shine among the trees, which has a tendency towards a healthful growth.

Legislative Politics

The Minneapolis Tribune says: "W. Bouck of Royaltown was in the city yesterday and announced he expected to win the house nomination in the Fifty-eighth district. Mr. Bouck, who will be opposed by his brother for the nomination, says that geographically his county of Morrison is entitled to a house member. Crow Wing county takes the senator and Morrison, on account of its location and population, should have the members. Milo N. Young, also of Royaltown, filed for the house nomination yesterday. Mr. Young, in the 1907 session, tried to organize the new members against the old one, and in the last election was retired. Representatives Brown and Kling, the present members, expect to run again."

ST. CLOUD OVER 10,000

A Grapevine Telegram Puts St. Cloud Where the Liquor Licenses Cost One Thousand Dollars

The St. Cloud Times claims to have inside information on the census figures of that city and Little Falls, and says: "The Daily Times has a 'grapevine telegram' pretending to give census figures for several cities in this part of the state that will probably be borne out by the official returns when they are given out at Washington. St. Cloud and Little Falls will show substantial increases. The Times informant gives the population of St. Cloud according to the 1910 census at a trifle over 10,300. Those who followed the count and work of the enumerators in St. Cloud closely thought that St. Cloud would show a population of about 10,500 but the official figures according to the Times informant will not be quite as strong as this, although they will go over the 10,000 mark 200 or 300. Many people thought that the census would show up as the city directory figures which are 11,757. The Times has no hesitation in making the prediction that the official census will fall at least 1,000 below the directory figure.

The city of Little Falls, according to this source of information, has not increased materially, and will show in the neighborhood of 6,000. Sauk Centre and Alexandria on the other hand will show a falling off, which is attributed to the Canadian movement, the immigration from this part of the state having been very heavy for the past few years. Sauk Centre according to these figures (which had 2,463) will show a falling off of about 200 from the 1905 census. Alexandria, which had a population of about 3,300 at the last state census, will hardly squeeze over the 3,000 mark.

Must Be Above Suspicion

Kidney and bladder ailments are so serious in their consequences, and if unchecked so often fatal that any remedy offered for their cure must be above suspicion. Foley's Kidney Pills contain no harmful drugs, and have successfully stood a long thorough test. For sale by all druggists.

BEER CAN BE SOLD

The Amber Fluid Declared Not a Spirituous Liquor and if so Department Can Not Prevent Sale

The great question in the northern part of the state is whether the government can prevent the sale of beer in the territory embraced in the Indian country and the following from the Press throws some light on the subject. Charles C. Houpt, Minnesota federal district attorney, when asked today what he thought of the contention of those who desired the sale of beer to be continued at Moorehead, that the Department of the Interior cannot prevent the sale of beer there because it is not a spirituous liquor, declined to express any opinion.

He turned however, to the Sioux treaty of 1851, under which approximately the southwestern one-third of what is now the state of Minnesota was ceded by the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of Indians to the United States, and pointed to the following provisions:

"The laws of the United States, prohibiting the introduction and sale of spirituous liquors in the Indian country shall be in full force and effect throughout the territory hereby ceded and lying in Minnesota until otherwise ordered by Congress or the President of the United States."

Mr. Houpt then turned to the following definition in the Funk & Wagnall's dictionary: "Spirituous liquors in common parlance, are or all intoxicating beverages, sometimes excluding light intoxicants, as beer; generally, in law, any intoxicating liquor produced by distillation or by rectifying, compounded or otherwise treating or using distilled alcoholic fluids, in distinction from fermented or brewed intoxicating beverages, as Supreme Court Reporter, vol. 14, p. 720."

It thus appears that Moorehead beer consumers, and those who furnished the liquor to them have the Supreme court and the Standard dictionary quoted on their side, since if beer is not a spirituous liquor, its introduction into the territory covered by that treaty is not prohibited by the treaty. The same things seems to be true of wine.

The territory covered by that treaty embraces almost all of that portion of the state lying west and south of that part of the Mississippi river that is south of St. Cloud. It includes all of St. Paul and Minneapolis lying on the west bank of the Mississippi. It includes Red Wing, Winona, Mankato, St. Peter, Pipestone, Luverne and almost all other southern Minnesota cities. It has been the policy of the department of the interior, however, to enforce the anti-liquor provisions of that treaty, only in so far as the department has deemed necessary for the purpose of preventing the sale of liquor to Indians.

Hay Fever and Asthma

Bring discomfort and misery to many people but Foley's Honey and Tar gives ease and comfort to the suffering ones. It relieves the congestion in the head and throat and is soothing and healing. None genuine but Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. For sale by all druggists.

BRASS BAND AT BACKUS

Mayor J. W. Bailey Organizes Band in His Village Which Makes a Success

Mayor J. W. Bailey, of Backus, three months ago organized a brass band in his village. By constant and careful practice they have become most proficient and on the 4th of July, they surprised the villagers and the Brainerd visitors by the good music they rendered. The band has 16 musicians.

HIGH PRICE FOR FLOUR

Brainerd Flour, "The Radisson," Commands Highest Price in Chicago Markets

H. G. Hays of the local milling company and also of the Edgeley, N. D. Milling Co., returned from Chicago Sunday, where he sold the McNeill & Higgins Co. and Horner Bros, several car loads of flour. Mr. Hays reports the sale of nine cars of flour at from \$5 for first Clears to \$5.95 for patent, succeeding in making sales at eighty to ninety-five cents over the market for his goods. The local product is from 17 to 23 per cent stronger than standard flours and discriminating buyers are quick to offer high prices.

Riverside Gun Club Score

The following is the score of the Riverside Gun Club, shoot held Sunday, July 24, 1910:

	15 birds		20 birds
G. E. Trent, Sr.	14	13	13
J. C. Davis	11	10	
I. U. White	10	8	10
W. H. Mantor	13	11	15
W. Frampton	7	9	9
S. Coffrairie	9	9	11
A. C. White	13	13	9
Geo. Hess	11		
	20 birds	doubles	
G. E. Trent, Sr.	15	16	
J. C. Davis	13	16	
I. U. White	14	10	
W. H. Mantor	12	14	
W. Frampton	12	11	
S. Coffrairie	15	16	
A. C. White	20	16	
Geo. Hess	15		

DEDICATE CHURCH

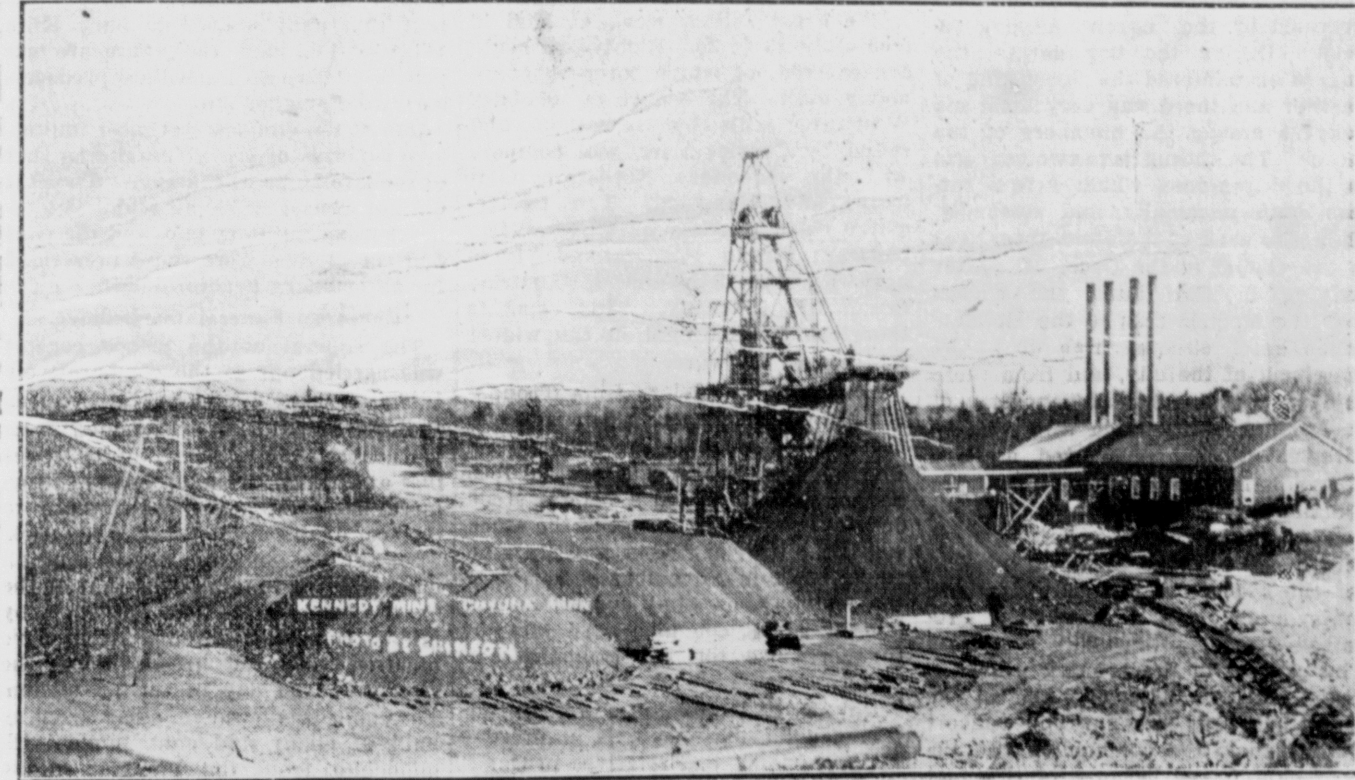
Rev. Charles Fox Davis Assists in Dedication Ceremonies of M. E. Church at Cuyuna

The new Methodist Episcopal church was dedicated on Sunday at Cuyuna. The services were presided over by the Rev. Edgar K. Copper, district superintendent, with the Rev. A. L. Richardson of Aitkin, preaching at the morning service, and the Rev. Charles Fox Davis, of Brainerd, occupying the pulpit in the evening. The Methodist members and friends of the church, together with the townspeople, are elated over having church services thus made possible.

Large audiences were on hand both morning and evening and responded liberally to the cost of the edifice and the officials announced that the church is free of debt. The Rev. Suver is the pastor, much credit being due him for his indefatigable labor in the enterprise.

Is Life Worth Saving

Mrs. Mollie McRaney, Prentiss, Minn., writes that she had a severe case of kidney and bladder trouble, and that four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cured her sound and well. She closes her letter by saying: "I heartily recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to any sufferer of kidney dis-



Kennedy Mine, at Cuyuna, Crow Wing County, to be the First Shipper of Iron Ore from the New Cuyuna Range, Showing Old and New Shaft Leads, Ore Piles, Power House and Railroad Yards.—Courtesy Aitkin Age

IOWA PEOPLE SHOULD ORGANIZE

Iowa People of Cass, Morrison and Crow Wing Counties Should Have Celebration

"There are so many Iowa people in this town, as well as in this county and Morrison and Cass counties, that we should get together and have an 'Iowa Settler's Day' in Brainerd," remarked J. H. Koop.

At the time of such celebration Dispatch reporter and Mr. Koop are manent organization formed. The Dispatch reporter and Mr. Koop are both from Iowa. Some day in September could be set apart for the celebration of this idea. In order to ascertain the number of Iowa people in the counties mentioned the Dispatch will be glad to receive replies and to publish from time to time lists of former Iowa people with their old and present place of residence. Maybe enough enthusiasm can be generated to make this a permanent annual event.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound and imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation

</

I Can Show You

SOME SNAPS IN BRAINERD CITY PROPERTY

Start to buy now, don't wait and tell your friend. "I could have bought that place for so and so much in 1910." Yes sir, you are making a mistake if you want a home or have a little ready money and don't make an investment now.

ONLY ONE OF THE MANY SNAPS
Nice little place on paved street, east frontage, cement walks, two lots on corner at **Only \$650.**

Very neat little place on S. Sixth St., two lots, walks, trees, etc.—**At Only \$650.**

House of six rooms, two lots on corner, walks, trees, etc., barn. This is one that you would be satisfied with—**\$1050.**

Two nice little houses in N. E. Brainerd that rents for seven dollars apiece. Don't you think this is cheap at only—**For the two—\$1000.**

AN ESTATE TO BE SETTLED

Two small houses on Pine St. S. E.—**Each \$550.**

Two houses on E. Norwood St., good location and at \$700 and \$800.

Let us show you these.

A very fine place in S. E. Brainerd on corner of three lots; cottage of six rooms. An ideal home for one employed in the shops—**\$1200.**

House and barn on three valuable lots on corner and S. Fifth street. House needs some repair, but can give some one a bargain—lots alone are worth what we can get this for you. Good title or no sale. We are looking for offers on this.

A NORTH SIDE HOME.

One of the best built homes in the city with very best location. Eight rooms, modern all through except heat. And a little under three thousand will get this. Owner says "sell!"

MODERN NORTH SIDE COTTAGE

A very neat little cottage of five rooms with bath, two good lots and in best location with east frontage. Terms—**At only \$2500.**

You will be surprised to know that this seven room cottage is placed on sale. Almost brand new, hardwood floors, bath, and in fact everything you want. This was built for "keeps". If you are looking for something good, something you always wished for, see me for price and terms.

Brick veneer house of six rooms on corner and two lots. Good location in S. E. Brainerd. For quick sale with terms at **\$1100.**

Three houses on north side in very good location; trees, walks, etc.; south and east frontage. Can offer separately or altogether. Am prepared to give a very close figure on this.

HERE IS ONE THAT YOU WANT.

Neat little five room house on S. Fifth street, one and one half lots. Can give reasonable terms—**\$700.**

Five room house on E. Norwood St. S. E. in good location at only **550** Here is one close to the shops and on Main St., with two nice lots—Terms given—**\$800.**

Very fine home on the best street on north side containing about nine rooms, trees, walks, bath, hardwood floors; three lots with east frontage. Can give reasonable terms—**\$3000.** Eight room house on Bluff Ave. in fine condition inside. This is certainly a bargain. Can give terms—**\$800.**

Good house of about five rooms in Pine and only one door off from S. Seventh. Good location—**At only \$800.**

Four of the finest lots on south side; trees, etc. Am prepared to give very close price on these—**Make the offer**

Two of the best lots on Third and close to Juniper street on north side; walks, etc.—**\$500.** Only a few locations like these left in the city.

These are only a very small part of our listings. If you don't find just what you want come up and let me know—Perhaps I have just what you have been looking for.

If you have property in the city or lands that you want quick returns on, list it with me.

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH BUYERS—TRY IT

Ask for our listing of farm or mineral lands and map.

R. J. Tinkelpaugh
"Upstairs"
First National Bank Building

TIDINGS FROM SCANDINAVIA

Interesting News From Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

HAD MOST DELIGHTFUL TRIP

Swedish-American Singers Experience Finest of Weather While Crossing Atlantic—Consul Hobe of St. Paul Mentioned as Successor to Late Norwegian Minister at Washington. Danish Aeronaut Makes Spectacular Flight Over Copenhagen City Hall.

***** SWEDEN. *****

Carl Lonnblad, who accompanies the Swedish-American Elite chorus to Sweden, writes most interestingly regarding their trip across the Atlantic in the Oscar II. and their reception in Malmö. The writer first speaks of the farewell reception tendered the chorus before leaving New York in "Little Hungary," where the chorus was entertained by the "Lyran" Singing society. During the trip across the singers encountered the "best kind of weather and there was very little sea sickness among the members of the chorus. The chorus gave two concerts on the way across, which were a success both financially and musically. They also sang at the Sunday services in the chapel of the Oscar II. After arriving in Christiania the chorus took the electric cars to the Holmenkollen hotel, situated high up in the hills back of the city, and from there enjoyed the magnificent panorama of the beautiful Christiania valley below.

Director Ortengrén secured a large dining hall and set the singers to practice for nearly two hours. Their voices blended nicely and they were thus given an opportunity to prepare for the concert in Malmö the following evening. In Malmö the singers received a most enthusiastic reception. The concert in the evening proved a grand success and every seat in the large hall was taken. The concert was given in the commodious St. Peter's church and because of this fact no applause was allowed. The "sex" which followed in the King's park was something exceptional. The whole situation teemed with the spirit of good cheer and the "Skandinav" certainly have sustained their reputation as the most hospitable entertainers on earth. A telegram was sent to the king stating that the chorus would soon be in Stockholm and requesting his majesty that he would receive the chorus at the palace. His majesty immediately acknowledged the telegram and bid the singers welcome to visit the palace and to take all the time they desired to look it over. After leaving Malmö the chorus started for Lund, where they gave a concert to a large and enthusiastic audience in the great cathedral there. Great preparations have been made in Stockholm for the reception of the chorus and it looks as though the entire concert tour would be a triumphant march through the land of Jenny Lind and Christina Nilsson.

Still another Swedish singing attraction contemplates visiting the United States in the near future. The attraction consists of the "Trallande Pojkar"—Axel Hultman, Olle Strandberg and Felix Korling. They will visit such cities in the United States where the Swedish element is in evidence, as New York, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul and Minneapolis and may extend their tour to Seattle.

The series of international sailing matches for the one-tonner cup at Kiel have just been finished and resulted in the cup going to Sweden. The Swedish boat Agnes proved herself most superior in the light breezes, which mostly prevailed, and she won her three races after eight matches had been sailed. Next year the cup will be sailed for in Gothenburg, Sweden.

Twenty-three prominent German journalists recently visited Stockholm and were the guests of the Stockholm Press club. They were also received by King Gustaf and wherever they appeared in Sweden they were given an ovation. They were charmed with the hospitality of the Swedes and were profuse in their praise of their reception in Stockholm and other cities.

A recent dispatch from Stockholm states that the Swedish-American male chorus gave an open air concert in Skansen a week ago last Monday, which was attended by at least 15,000 persons. The singers were presented to the king and queen and the leader, Professor Ortengrén, and Victor Nilsson of Minneapolis were awarded the order of Vasa.

It has been definitely settled that the Olympian games will be held in Stockholm June 7 to 16, 1912. No stone will be left unturned to make this the greatest sporting event of the century. The great stadium is already under course of erection.

Rev. N. J. Wellinder departed for the United States, via England, during the latter part of last month. According to a Swedish newspaper Rev. Wellinder will deliver a series of lectures in the United States on the recent strike in Sweden.

The Swedish painter, Erik Norström, who is at present in Paris, has been appointed associate in La Societe Nationale des Beaux Arts (Champs de Mars Caenogen).

***** NORWAY. *****

Consul E. H. Hobe of St. Paul, who sailed a few days ago for Norway, is mentioned as a probable successor to Ove Gude, the late Norwegian minister to the United States. It is known that scores of his friends in America and in Norway are urging his appointment to this post. The only objection to Mr. Hobe's appointment might possibly lie in the fact that he has been for the last twenty-five years a resident and a citizen of the United States. But his friends argue that he was educated in Norway and that his intimate relations with Norwegian emigration, which he has gained in his capacity as Norway's consul in St. Paul, will aid him greatly in securing the place. His friends in the United States argue that the appointment of Consul Hobe would be the best that can be made. He is familiar with American conditions and American politics and Norway would then have a minister at Washington who could look after their interests there in earnest and do it so much better than a man who is unfamiliar with American conditions and the conditions existing among Norwegian-Americans in this country.

The American minister to Norway, Herbert H. D. Pelce, had the misfortune to break his arm while out on an auto trip with some friends. He and his party, which included his wife and a Miss Perkins, were crossing the Dovre mountain. The machine skidded and went into a ditch, without upsetting, however, but the jar caused a violent shaking up of the passengers, resulting in the broken arm and some lesser injuries about the face and hands. The minister was taken to Lillehammer, where the arm was set, and it is now reported that he is doing nicely. Crossing the Dovre mountain in an automobile is a rather daring undertaking.

The great sailing week at Kiel is from July 23 to 30. Eighty-two boats are entered, of which forty-eight are newly built. The American schooner Westward, built by Herreshoff and sailed by Charles Barr, will compete with the schooners Nordstern, Germania and Hamburg. The twelve-meter class consists of Magda VIII, Norway; Brand IV, Holland; Ivanhoe, Russia; Schwanhild, Austria; Seem III, Germany. This class is therefore international in the widest meaning of the word.

According to advices from Trondheim the Merker Mining company has been forced to make an assignment. The company was organized in 1905 and at that time had a capital stock of 1,650,000 crowns. Most of the stock was held by Norwegian and German capitalists. In November of last year the company ceased all operations and laid off about 300 men. An attempt to reorganize the old company has failed.

Rev. K. B. Birkeland, a well known Minneapolis clergyman, is at present visiting friends and relatives in Christiania. He brought his automobile with him and contemplates taking an extensive auto trip in the northern section of the country.

There occurred in Haugesund recently a series of minor thefts. A number of young boys have been placed under arrest and it looks as though a regular organized band of them had been at work for some time.

A large delegation of Danish technicians have been making an extensive tour through the country. Among the cities where they remained for any length of time were Christiania, Telemarken and Voss.

Hotels Norge in Bergen and Victoria in Stavanger celebrated their twenty-fifth anniversary the 10th of June. At each hotel a banquet was held and the menus were far excellence.

Captain Wulff of the steamer United States has resigned from his position as captain of that ship. Captain Gotsche of the Pennsylvania will succeed him.

A company of sixteen English journalists has been visiting the Bergen exposition and also paid a visit to Christiania and Trondhjem.

***** DENMARK. *****

Denmark now has her flying hero in the person of Alfred Nervo, who two weeks ago made a flight over the city hall in Copenhagen to the great surprise and admiration of his fellow citizens. Since then he has been preparing to cross Oresund to Sweden, but this will also be tried by Baron Cedarstrom, the Swedish flyer, who is on his way home from Paris with a Blériot aeroplane. Alfred Nervo has been denied the use of the race course outside of Copenhagen, the only suitable place for a good start and a good finish. A later dispatch from Copenhagen states that Baron Cedarstrom's attempt to cross the sound from Copenhagen the other day proved a failure. The baron had a narrow escape from death.

The new minister consists of Klaus Berentsen as premier and minister of war; Ahlefeldt-Laurvig, minister of foreign affairs; Neergaard, minister of finance; M. Sverdrup, minister of civil affairs, and Anders Nielsen, agricultural minister.

The Princess Harald, wife of the third son of King Fredric, gave birth to a daughter the other day. The usual prayer and services were offered at the royal chapel.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

ment to this post. The only objection to Mr. Hobe's appointment might possibly lie in the fact that he has been for the last twenty-five years a resident and a citizen of the United States. But his friends argue that he was educated in Norway and that his intimate relations with Norwegian emigration, which he has gained in his capacity as Norway's consul in St. Paul, will aid him greatly in securing the place. His friends in the United States argue that the appointment of Consul Hobe would be the best that can be made. He is familiar with American conditions and American politics and Norway would then have a minister at Washington who could look after their interests there in earnest and do it so much better than a man who is unfamiliar with American conditions and the conditions existing among Norwegian-Americans in this country.

The American minister to Norway, Herbert H. D. Pelce, had the misfortune to break his arm while out on an auto trip with some friends. He and his party, which included his wife and a Miss Perkins, were crossing the Dovre mountain. The machine skidded and went into a ditch, without upsetting, however, but the jar caused a violent shaking up of the passengers, resulting in the broken arm and some lesser injuries about the face and hands. The minister was taken to Lillehammer, where the arm was set, and it is now reported that he is doing nicely. Crossing the Dovre mountain in an automobile is a rather daring undertaking.

The great sailing week at Kiel is from July 23 to 30. Eighty-two boats are entered, of which forty-eight are newly built. The American schooner Westward, built by Herreshoff and sailed by Charles Barr, will compete with the schooners Nordstern, Germania and Hamburg. The twelve-meter class consists of Magda VIII, Norway; Brand IV, Holland; Ivanhoe, Russia; Schwanhild, Austria; Seem III, Germany. This class is therefore international in the widest meaning of the word.

According to advices from Trondheim the Merker Mining company has been forced to make an assignment. The company was organized in 1905 and at that time had a capital stock of 1,650,000 crowns. Most of the stock was held by Norwegian and German capitalists. In November of last year the company ceased all operations and laid off about 300 men. An attempt to reorganize the old company has failed.

Rev. K. B. Birkeland, a well known Minneapolis clergyman, is at present visiting friends and relatives in Christiania. He brought his automobile with him and contemplates taking an extensive auto trip in the northern section of the country.

There occurred in Haugesund recently a series of minor thefts. A number of young boys have been placed under arrest and it looks as though a regular organized band of them had been at work for some time.

A large delegation of Danish technicians have been making an extensive tour through the country. Among the cities where they remained for any length of time were Christiania, Telemarken and Voss.

Hotels Norge in Bergen and Victoria in Stavanger celebrated their twenty-fifth anniversary the 10th of June. At each hotel a banquet was held and the menus were far excellence.

Captain Wulff of the steamer United States has resigned from his position as captain of that ship. Captain Gotsche of the Pennsylvania will succeed him.

A company of sixteen English journalists has been visiting the Bergen exposition and also paid a visit to Christiania and Trondhjem.

***** DENMARK. *****

Denmark now has her flying hero in the person of Alfred Nervo, who two weeks ago made a flight over the city hall in Copenhagen to the great surprise and admiration of his fellow citizens. Since then he has been preparing to cross Oresund to Sweden, but this will also be tried by Baron Cedarstrom, the Swedish flyer, who is on his way home from Paris with a Blériot aeroplane. Alfred Nervo has been denied the use of the race course outside of Copenhagen, the only suitable place for a good start and a good finish. A later dispatch from Copenhagen states that Baron Cedarstrom's attempt to cross the sound from Copenhagen the other day proved a failure. The baron had a narrow escape from death.

The new minister consists of Klaus Berentsen as premier and minister of war; Ahlefeldt-Laurvig, minister of foreign affairs; Neergaard, minister of finance; M. Sverdrup, minister of civil affairs, and Anders Nielsen, agricultural minister.

The Princess Harald, wife of the third son of King Fredric, gave birth to a daughter the other day. The usual prayer and services were offered at the royal chapel.

MARION S. NORELIUS.

Captain Bartlett's Three Cheers. A series of Revolutionary scenes were given in a London theater some months after the close of that memorable war. On the one side was the English army in full red coated uniform, with every button in its exact place. Opposite them was the American army, composed, as the theater bill stated, of "artisans, cobblers and tinkers," arrayed in their working dress, with buttons of every size and hue. When the curtain dropped, Captain Bartlett of Plymouth, Mass., the captain of a ship then in port, stood up in his seat in the pit and in a voice as if given from a quarterdeck in a squall, called, "Three cheers for the artisans, cobblers and tinkers who were too much for King George and his red coats, and with a wave of his hat, he gave these with a will. For a short time there was silence in the theater, followed by an enthusiastic John Bull appreciative cheer for the pluck and assurance of the Yankee captain, who became the lion of the city, receiving invitations to clubs and free tickets to theatrical and other entertainments while he remained in port.

KING'S FUNERAL NOT EXPENSIVE

Half Million Expense Incurred For Edward Under Record.

FORTUNE FOR CZAR'S PAGEANT

Obsequies of Alexander II., Victim of Nihilist Bombs, Cost Russia \$2,500,000, While France Expended \$500,000 Taking Napoleon's Body From St. Helena to Paris Resting Place.

If comparisons be made with other European countries Britain does not err on the side of extravagance in the matter of royal funerals. It cost the French government \$500,000 to bring the remains of Napoleon from St. Helena and inter them beneath the dome of the Invalides in Paris. There has been no such expenditure as this in Britain, though King Edward's funeral cost \$225,000.

One hundred and fifty thousand dollars was expended on the obsequies of King George II. when that monarch was laid to rest with gorgeous ceremonial at Westminster. Less than half that sum sufficed to bury King William IV., and the aggregate expenses of his two immediate predecessors were smaller still.

One of the simplest yet most impressive funerals of recent years was that of the late Duke of Clarence. The cost did not exceed \$2,500 all told. The funeral was a military one, and the rites and ceremonies were those prescribed for an ordinary general officer.

Consort's Funeral Inexpensive.

The funeral of the prince consort was carried out at the comparatively small expense of \$30,000, but Queen Victoria subsequently expended from her private purse nearly forty times that amount on the mausoleum at Frogmore, besides contributing liberally to the cost of the memorial in Hyde park.

By far the most magnificent of all modern royal funerals was that of the czar Alexander II., who was slain by nihilist bombs on March 13, 1881. Five hundred thousand troops lined the streets on the day of the procession. The coffin was borne on a car specially built of ebony and gold, inlaid with malachite from the imperial mines. The wheels were of solid silver and richly chased. Seventy conveyances were required for the wreaths and floral emblems, the combined value of which was estimated at \$400,000.

Upward of 1,000,000 candles, some of them weighing as much as thirty pounds, were burned during the funeral ceremony and at the previous lying in state, and incense to the value of \$50,000 was consumed. It is computed that from first to last this imposing funeral must have cost \$2,500,000.

Million Spent on William I.

Quite as magnificent in its way, though on a less expensive scale, was the funeral of Emperor William I., grandfather of the present kaiser. Never before or since has Germany witnessed so solemn or stately a function. The whole city was swathed in crape, and the general gloom was intensified by the smoke from hundreds of thousands of burning torches and cressets.

The total cost of the funeral has never been made public, but it must have been enormous, for in addition to the parliamentary grant of \$550,000 "in aid of the expenses incurred" it is said that Berlin alone contributed something like \$400,000 toward the expenses.

The kings of Italy have always been buried with regal splendor, but at no great cost to the state. Thirty thousand dollars was the sum expended on the burial of the late King Humbert. The funeral expenses of Victor Emmanuel were exactly half that sum. On the other hand, it cost \$110,000 to bury Ferdinand II., king of Naples, and about \$380,000 for the funeral of King Charles of Sardinia.

The expenses in connection with that of Queen Victoria amounted to \$175,000, of which \$42,500 went for the entertainment of royal and foreign guests and \$75,000 for the traveling, food and accommodation of troops.

BERTILLON STUDIES HAIR.

Thinks He Has New Criminal Identification Plan.

M. Bertillon, well known for his fingerprint system of identification for criminals, is collecting samples of hair from all over the world. He believes he has hit on a new method which will make still easier the identification of any one sought by the police.

Every nation, says M. Bertillon, has a different way of expressing a definite shade of hair, the Swedes, for instance, calling chestnut what the French describe as blond. All samples are classified and graduated minutely according to shade in a large catalogue, and every shade will have a special name which M. Bertillon hopes will be adopted as an international standard.

LONDON USING TELEWRITER.

Users Write Message Instead of Talking Into Phone.

London has beaten New York in one feature of up-to-dateness. It has the first "telewriter" exchange in the world, which was recently opened. The telewriter is a device for writing by wire. One subscriber to the service calls the number of another through a telephone attachment on the new machine and then sits down and writes what he wants to say, the message appearing on a roll of paper at the other end of the line.

So far London has only forty subscribers to the new system, confined to a small section of the business center, but before long it is hoped to extend the wires all over the city and to make the service as general as the telephone.

A SUMMER POEM.
Men mop at their brows
And mutter a curse.
The mercury climbs;
The heat's getting worse.
And therefore I write
This peck-a-boo verse.
The outlines of thought
It doesn't conceal,
Each blemish and fault
It serves to reveal.
But coolness, I trust,
Will make an appeal.
Its texture is sheer,
Just gossamer thin.
To let the wind in,
You see through it quick
And find it a skin.
—McLanburgh Wilson in New York Sun.

BATTLE CREEK CENTER OF CURIOUS RELIGIONS.

Michigan Soil Fertile In Growth of Strange "Isms."

Battle Creek enjoys a unique distinction, that of having been the home of more strange and freak religions than any other city in Michigan, if not in the United States. The intellectual soil seems to be fertile for the growth of mystic and occult isms.

Fifty-five years ago the Seventh Day Adventists located there and made Battle Creek their headquarters for the world. Their subsequent wonderful growth made the name of Battle Creek synonymous with Adventism. Then came the Spiritualists, and the city became widely known as the headquarters in Michigan for that cult. At one time they had a very large society, and all of the noted freethinkers and agnostics in the country went there to lecture.

It is singular that these two denominations represented the two extremes in religion, one extremely orthodox and the other the broadest kind of liberalism. Among the first settlers were a band of Quakers. Subsequently they all became Spiritualists.

Next came a colony from the east who were imbued with Fourierism and extreme ideas on religion and social life. They established a community three miles west of the city, built a college and other buildings and called themselves the Harmonists. Several authors and men of note cast their lot with this socialistic enterprise, among them being former Governor Talmadge of Wisconsin, who died while in the community.

One man who obtained a good following was Dr. Dowling. He had a strong personality and could easily influence people. He had a brand new religion, his followers calling themselves "Christadelphians."

Dr. Swartz of Chicago dropped down to Battle Creek and was the first person to teach the "mind cure" in that city. He got a following that increased and branched off into other systems of new thought, and several societies along that line were organized, including a "metaphysical club."

The city has had followers and proselytizers for the "Hermetic Brotherhood," "Age to Come," "Millennium Dawn," "Breath of Life," "Theosophy," "Gnostics," "Fire Worshipers," "Restitutists," "Saints of God" and "Church of the Larger Hope" cults. The latest introduction into the city is a "new thought" cult called the "Flohim brotherhood."

FILMS MADE IN POLAR ZONE

So Brittle They Have to Be Kept In Hot Blankets.

Making moving picture films in a temperature of 34 below zero is only possible by exercising the utmost care and ingenuity, yet considerable work of this nature was successfully carried out recently in the northern latitudes.

Such temperatures render the films as brittle and fragile as glass, making it almost impossible to reel them on the spool inside the magazine. The films were kept in blankets, which in turn were kept as warm as possible by artificial means. They were taken out of the blankets just a moment before their using. Developing was impossible.

As a contrast to these conditions were those of just the opposite extreme met in India. The general tendency there was for the emulsion of the films to run and the material to become gummy. The films had to be packed in air tight, wax sealed tin boxes.

NEWSPAPERS DECORATE WALL

New Craze In Paris Is Popular and Inexpensive.

A new craze in paper comes to this country by way of Paris. It is nothing more or less than decorating walls and ceilings with newspapers. These are selected to have the greatest possible variety. Papers from all countries and in all languages are in great demand, and the headings are left so as to be conspicuous.

Newspaper offices usually get a large number of exchanges, which they are quite willing to hand over to any one interested. Moreover, friends can exchange between themselves so as to enlarge and vary their collections.

The ff In ffarington.

The spelling of the ancient name ffarington with the small "ff" found in old manuscripts is merely the retention of the old form of capital "F." Deeds of conveyance in the time of George II. and III. recite, "George of Great Britain France and Ireland king," etc. The form could not therefore be due to ignorance, as has been said, for in days when gentlemen of estate were gentlemen of quality such a spelling in deeds could hardly arise from lack of a knowledge of spelling.

The ffaringtons of Worden Hall, Lancashire, prefer, like several other well known families, including the folkes and ffrenches, to retain the archaic capital "ff." The family trace their descent from Hugo de Meols, who came to England with the Conqueror, and they have been associated for generations with the court, army and church and with public life.—London Court Journal.

Sorry He Spoke.
There is a certain West Philadelphia bachelor who is very fond of children. Recently when he was riding on a Chestnut street trolley car a woman sat opposite him with a baby in her arms. Suddenly the baby began to cry. Every one in the car seemed to be annoyed and a general scowl went around—that is, every one except the bachelor. He tried to show by the benign expression of his face that the crying of the baby was sweet music to him. He smiled at the youngster, but the noise only grew louder. Finally he leaned across the car.

"Perhaps there's a pin sticking him," he said in a stage whisper and after the manner of one who understands all the complexities and troubles of baby life. There was a profound silence in the car until the mother answered:

"No, there's no pin sticking him," she said at last in a tone of scorn and with much emphasis on the last word. Then she continued, "He's scared because you're making faces at him."

After that the bachelor lapsed into pensiveness.—Philadelphia Times.

The Starling's Tongue.

It is extraordinary how many persons are under the impression that, in order to enable a bird to talk, it is absolutely necessary to cut or slit its tongue. I have heard that this fallacy had its origin in the following story: A man had a number of starlings in a large cage marked "Fine Young Starlings—Only 1 Shilling Each," and as each would be purchased arrived the man would say, "There's a fine bird there, sir," pointing out one of them, "but I want half a crown for him, because he's the only one with a cut tongue, so he is bound to be a talker." He would then proceed to catch the bird and show the cut tongue and invariably succeeded in effecting a sale. This dodge would be repeated as each new customer arrived and departed rejoicing at his good bargain. The reader perhaps is not aware that all starlings have a very peculiar formation at the extremity of the tongue, which gives the appearance of a little piece having been snipped out of it.—London Strand.

The Crested Screamer.

"I was surprised to run across an old acquaintance up at the zoo the other day. The last time I saw him was in the lower part of Brazil when I was trying to push Yankee notions," said a commercial traveler. "This acquaintance is known as crested screamer. He is one of the best fighters I ever bet my money on. He is about as large as a turkey and as spry as they make 'em when his fighting blood is up. He has four sharp spurs instead of two, and the odd thing is the spurs are on the wings instead of the legs. The birds ran wild, but the natives tamed them and taught them to fight hawks and other enemies of poultry. They are fine poultry protectors. A fight between two of them is the most exciting thing in the way of sport down there and is more popular than a cockfight."—New York Sun.

A Growsome "Charm."

One of the most growsome "charms" is that which was at one time extensively used as a cure for wens. The hand of a dead criminal still hanging had to be rubbed three times over the wen. A correspondent in London Notes and Queries some few years since wrote that many persons were then living who in their younger days had undergone the ceremony, always, he maintained, with complete success. "On execution days at Northampton," he adds, "numbers of sufferers used to congregate around the gallows in order to receive the 'dead stroke,' as it was termed. At the last execution which took place in that town a very few only were operated upon, not so much in consequence of decrease of faith as from the higher fee demanded by the hangman."

Separate Pew For Big Hats.

Men in shirt sleeves will be welcome at the church of the Rev. Frank P. Stoddard, a Baptist pastor at Newburg, N. Y., but women who wear big hats will have one section of the church set aside for their special use. Mr. Stoddard announced that he would not have the view of the congregation obstructed.

ASSAY LABORATORY
C. J. O'CONNELL
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST
Chemical Analyses of
IRON ORES
AND ALL MINERALS
Promptly Made
Deerwood, Minnesota

D. S. S. & A. Ry. Excursion Bulletin

Every day to Sept. 30. Low round Trip Summer Tourist Fares to Eastern Canada, New York and New England. Optional Routes.

During July every Friday, low rates by train and steamer to Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo.

July 6 to 10, National convention of Elks, Detroit, Mich.

July 20 to 24, annual Pilgrimage to Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Que., and return. Usual low fares.

Sept. 2 to 9, Eucharistic Congress, Montreal.

Watch for announcement of other excursions. For particulars apply to

A. J. PERRIN,
Gen'l. Agent, 430 West Superior St.,
DULUTH